# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WASHINGTON MONTESSORI PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL WASHINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA JUNE 30, 2017

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#### FINANCIAL SECTION

#### WASHINGTON MONTESSORI PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL

WILSON, NORTH CAROLINA

JUNE 30, 2017

#### Rebekah Barr, CPA PC

Certified Public Accountant

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#### Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Washington Montessori Public Charter School Washington, North Carolina

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Washington Montessori Public Charter School, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Washington Montessori Public Charter School, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 7-14 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Washington Preparatory School's basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, as well as the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 21, 2017, on our consideration of Washington Montessori Public Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Washington Montessori Public Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rebekah Barr, CPA PC

Certified Public Accountant Wilson, North Carolina

September 21, 2017

As management of Washington Montessori, Inc., we offer readers of Washington Montessori, Inc.'s financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Washington Montessori, Inc. for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the School's financial statements which follow this narrative.

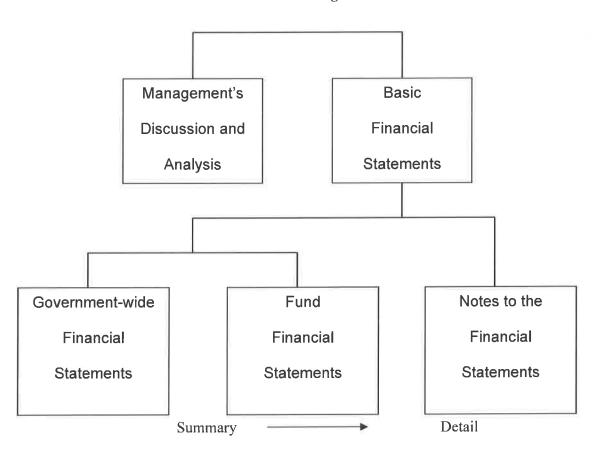
#### Financial Highlights

- The assets of Washington Montessori, Inc. exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the fiscal year by \$2,163,307 (net position).
- The school's total net position increased by \$12,819.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Washington Montessori, Inc.'s governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$961,785, an increase of \$70,953 in comparison with the prior year.
- Enrollment continues to increase at the School, rising by 43 students this past year, a 12% increase.
- Washington Montessori, Inc.'s total debt decreased by \$147,969 during the current fiscal year.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Washington Montessori, Inc.'s basic financial statements. The School's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the School through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Washington Montessori, Inc.

### Required Components of Annual Financial Report Figure 1



#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the School's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 7) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the School's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are two parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; and 2) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the School's individual funds. Budgetary information for the School also can be found in this section of the statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the School's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the School's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the School's net position and how it have changed. Net position is the difference between the School's total assets and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the School's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities; and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the School's basic functions such as instructional services and business services. State, county, and federal funds provide virtually all of the funding for these functions. The business-type activities are those services for which the School charges its students and other customers to provide. These include the Before and After School care and Day School services offered by Washington Montessori, Inc.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the School's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Washington Montessori, Inc., like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the North Carolina General Statutes or the School's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Washington Montessori, Inc. can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds — Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the School's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the School's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

Washington Montessori, Inc. adopts an annual budget for each of its funds, although it is not required to do so by the General Statutes. Because the budget is not legally required by the statutes, the budgetary comparison statements are not included in the basic financial statements, but are part of the supplemental statements and schedules that follow the notes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the faculty, management, and the Board of Directors of the School in determining what

activities will be pursued and what services will be provided by the School during the year. It also authorizes the School to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for each of the funds demonstrates how well the School has complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the School has succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted.

**Proprietary Funds** – Washington Montessori, Inc. has two proprietary funds, both of which are enterprise funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Washington Montessori, Inc. uses enterprise funds to account for its Day School and it's Before and after School care programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 23 of this report.

#### Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may, over time, serve as one useful indicator of a school's financial condition. As of June 30, 2017, the net position of Washington Montessori, Inc. stood at \$2,163,307. The School's net position increased by \$12,819 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, compared to a decrease of \$150,811 in 2016. One of the largest portions reflects the School's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. Washington Montessori, Inc. uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Washington Montessori, Inc.'s net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion (9.9%) is restricted for debt service. The remaining balance of \$1,009,586 is unrestricted. In 2016, the amount of net investment in capital assets was \$1,130,109, with unrestricted net position standing at \$806,479.

### Washington Montessori, Inc.'s Net Position Figure 2

	Governmen	tal /	Activities	Business-ty	pe A	Activities	To	tal	
	2017		2016	2017		2016	2017		2016
Current and other assets	\$ 968,906	\$	893,581	\$ 90,040	\$	163,077	\$ 1,058,946	\$	1,056,658
Capital assets	5,773,540		5,955,735	49,130			5,822,670		5,955,735
Total assets	\$ 6,742,446	\$	6,849,316	\$ 139,170	\$	163,077	\$ 6,881,616	\$	7,012,393
Long-term liabilities outstanding	\$ 4,533,454	\$	4,726,952	\$ 20	\$	160	\$ 4,533,454	\$	4,726,952
Other liabilities	184,855		134,954				184,855		134,954
Total liabilities	\$ 4,718,309	\$	4,861,906	\$ Ē	\$	-	\$ 4,718,309	\$	4,861,906
Net Position:									
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 890,478	\$	1,130,109	\$ 49,130	\$	(10)	\$ 939,608	\$	1,130,109
Restricted for debt service	214,113		213,899	*		:=:	214,113		213,899
Unrestricted	919,546		643,402	90,040		163,077	1,009,586		806,479
Total Net Position	\$ 2,024,137	\$	1,987,410	\$ 139,170	\$	163,077	\$ 2,163,307	\$	2,150,487

Several particular aspects of the School's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- The School adopted an annual budget for all funds. The School's performance was measured using these budgets on a monthly basis, allowing changes in spending as needed to stay within the budget.
- The School applied for and was awarded several federal grants to assist with the expenses of meeting the education needs of special needs children.
- Funding is proportionate to the student population.

Washington Montessori, Inc. Changes in Net Position Figure 3

		rigure 3	)			
	Govern Activ	mental vities	Busine: Activ	ss-type vities	To	tal
j	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
General revenues:			140,347	136,176	140,347	136,176
County, State, and Federal funds	3,054,811	2,669,425	=	050	3,054,811	2,669,425
Grants and contributions not restricted						74
to specific programs	1,414	6,173	20	100	1,414	6,173
Other	25,319	118,086		196	25,319	118,086
Total revenues	3,081,544	2,793,684	140,347	136,176	3,221,891	2,929,860
Expenses:						
Instructional services	2,511,720	2,234,929	=	-	2,511,720	2,234,929
System-wide support services	295,988	565,194	-	i ee	295,988	565,194
Before and After School		,	113,958	67,656	113,958	67,656
Day School	2	121	50,297	72,805	50,297	72,805
Non- program charges	#	6,305	·		æ:	6,305
Interest on long-term debt	237,109	133,782	5		237,109	133,782
Total expenses	3,044,817	2,940,210	164,255	140,461	3,209,072	3,080,671
Increase in net position before transfers	36,727	(146,526)		(4,285)	12,819	(150,811)
Transfers					-	
Increase (decrease) in net position	36,727	(146,526)	(23,908)	(4,285)	12,819	(150,811)
Net position, July 1	1,987,410	2,133,936	163,078	167,363	2,150,488	2,301,299
Net position, June 30	\$2,024,137	\$1,987,410	\$ 139,170	\$ 163,078	\$2,163,307	\$2,150,488
,						

#### Financial Analysis of the School's Funds

As noted earlier, Washington Montessori, Inc. uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of Washington Montessori, Inc.'s governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Washington Montessori, Inc.'s financing requirements. Specifically, unreserved fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of Washington Montessori, Inc. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$747,672, while total fund balance reached \$961,785.

At June 30, 2017, the governmental funds of Washington Montessori, Inc. reported a combined fund balance of \$961,785 a .93% increase from last year.

**Proprietary Funds**. The School's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the School Before and After Care and Day School Funds at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$139,170. The total decrease in net position for the Before and After Care and Day School fund was \$23,548. Primary factor influencing the net decrease is the purchase of the two school vans.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Capital assets. Washington Montessori, Inc.'s investment in capital assets for its governmental and business—type activities as of June 30, 2017, totals \$5,570,302 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include a land, buildings, equipment and furniture, land improvements, playground equipment and electronic equipment.

### Washington Montessori's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

Figure 4

		8					-1.
		mental	Busine	ss-type		To	tal
	Activ	nues	ACTIV	11100		10	ter
	2017	2016	2017	2016		2017	2016
Land & Buildings	\$ 5,762,770	\$ 5,937,295	\$ <u> </u>	\$	12	Ψ σ γ . σ = γ σ	\$ 5,937,295
Furniture and equipment	10,770	18,440	49,130		-	59,900	18,440
Total	\$5,773,540	\$5,955,735	\$ 49,130	\$	7	\$ 5,822,670	\$ 5,955,735

Additional information on the School's capital assets can be found in the notes of the Basic Financial Statements.

**Long-term Debt**. As of June 30, 2017, Washington Montessori, Inc. had total debt outstanding of \$4,711,188. The debt consists of mortgages on facilities and compensated absences.

#### Washington Montessori's Outstanding Debt Note Payable and Capital Leases

Figure 3

	Govern	mental		Busine	ss-	ype				
	Activ	ities		Activ	ities	6		Т	otal	
	2017	2016		2017	2	2016		2017		2016
Mortgage loans	\$4,679,824	\$ 4,825,626	\$	_	\$	_	\$	4,679,824	\$	4,825,626
Compensated leave	31,364	33,531	_	-			·	31,364		33,531
Total long term obligations	\$4,711,188	\$4,859,157	\$	-	\$		\$	4,711,188	\$	4,859,157

The Washington Montessori's total debt decreased by \$147,969 during the past fiscal year.

#### **Economic Factors**

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the School:

- The Average Daily Membership (ADM) for the school increased by approximately 50 students.
- The Board of directors has carefully tracked the Fund Balance and has internally set it aside for future possible improvements.

#### **Requests for Information**

This report is designed to provide an overview of the School's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Officer, Washington Montessori, 2330 Old bath Highway, Washington NC 27889, telephone (252) 946-1977.

#### Washington Montessori Public Charter School Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

		Primary Governmer	nt
	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 754,793		\$ 844,833
Restricted cash	214,113	æ)	214,113
Due from other governments		*	-
Accounts receivable - trade		i i i	36.5
Prepaid expenses			:=:
Security deposits		<u> </u>	2
Capital assets:			
Land, improvements, and construction in			
progress	203,238	===	203,238
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	5,570,302	49,130	5,619,432
Total capital assets	5,773,540	49,130	5,822,670
Total assets	6,742,446	139,170	6,881,616
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
LADUATIFC.			
LIABILITIES	7 <b>,12</b> 1	=	7,121
Accounts payable - trade	/,121		7,121
Short-term note payable			
Derivative instrument - interest rate swap		-	<b>海</b>
Long-term liabilities:	24.26		21.264
Compensated absences	31,364		31,364
Due within one year	177,734		177,734
Due in more than one year	4,502,090		4,502,090
Total liabilities	4,718,309		4,718,309
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			143
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	890,478		939,608
Restricted for debt service	214,113		214,113
Unrestricted	919,546	_	1,009,586
Total net position	\$ 2,024,137	\$ 139,170	\$ 2,163,307

Washington Montessori Public Charter School Statement of Activities June 30, 2017

					Progra	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	venue and Ch	anges in Ne	t Posi	tion
									P	Primary Government	ment		
			ľ	,	ō	Operating	Capital						
Functions/Programs		Expenses	ט י'	Charges for Services	Cont	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	type es	·	Total
Primary government:								l 1					
Governmental Activities:													
Instructional programs	\$	2,511,720	\$	39	\$	77,003	\$	\$	(2,434,717)	-ς,	ĬĬ.	\$	(2,434,717)
Athletics, arts and clubs		8		Œ		(1)	et)	SV.	00		8		74.
Support services		295,988		χ		Š	20	Q1	(295,988)		ě		(295,988)
Community services		6		6		0	51	pi			*		**
Interest on debt	S	237,109		79		(6	92	, will	(237,109)		(0		(237, 109)
Total governmental activites		3,044,817		x		77,003			(2,967,814)		<u>)</u>		(2,967,814)
Business-type activities:													
Before and after school fund		113,958		79,896		18	55	79	33*	)	(34,062)		(34,062)
Day school fund	2)	50,297		60,451		9	22	() ()	(6)		10,154		10,154
Total business-type activities		164,255		140,347		9)		l In	900		(23,908)		(23,908)
Total primary government	S	3,209,072	S	140,347	s	77,003	\$	  -/1	(2,967,814)		(23,908)		(2,991,722)

	62	16	19	33	14	ii 19		41	27 (23,908)	163,078	37 \$ 139,170
	701,279	2,257,746		18,783	1,414	25,319		3,004,541	36,727	1,987,410	\$ 2,024,137
General revenues:	Unrestricted county appropriations	Unrestricted State appropriations	Unrestricted Federal appropriations	Unrestricted fines and forfeitures	Donations - general	Miscellaneous, unrestricted	Transfers	Total general revenues, special items, and transfers	Change in net position	Net position-beginning, previously reported	Net position-ending

3,004,541 12,819 2,150,488 2,163,307

701,279 2,257,746 18,783 1,414 25,319

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

#### Washington Montessori Public Charter School Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

			Total Non-	
	Major Fu	nds	Major Funds	
				Total
		State Public		Governmental
	General	School	Federal Grants	Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 754,793	\$ ==	\$ =	\$ 754,793
Restricted cash	214,113	(4)	*	214,113
Due from other governments		31	=	:#
Accounts receivable - other	121	<b>6</b> 7	-	2
Prepaid items	*	24	-	걸
Security deposits			쎻	<u>=</u>
Total assets	968,906	7.2		968,906
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:				
Accounts payable - trade	7,121		3	7,121
Short term note payable	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =		(6)	7.424
Total liabilities	7,121		16	7,121
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		일	<u>(4)</u>	-
Fund balances:  Nonspendable:  Restricted for debt service	214,113	2	1720	214,113
Unassigned	747,672		· ·	747,672
Total fund balances	961,785	-		961,785
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources, and funds balances	\$ 968,906	\$=	\$ -	
	Amounts reported for go statement of net position Capital assets used in are not financial reso reported in the funds Deferred outflows of Liabilities for earned	erent because: ities are not pensions	5,773,540 -	
	fund statements. Son payable and accrued payable in the curren not reported in the full Long term notes payare Compensated absent Net position of govern	interest, are not due t period and therefo Inds. able es	e and	(4,679,824) (31,364) \$ 2,024,137

### Washington Montessori Public Charter School Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	_			Total Non-	
	1	8.8-1	5d.		
	-	Major	runas	Major Funds	Total
	1		Company Destruction		
	1		State Public	Endonal Casada	Governmental
_		General	School	Federal Grants	Funds
Revenues					å 2257.74 <i>6</i>
State of North Carolina	\$	. Fig.	\$ 2,257,746	\$ =	\$ 2,257,746
Local education agencies		701,279	74	=======================================	701,279
U.S. Government		72	220	77,003	77,003
Fines and forfeitures		18,783	(2)		18,783
Contributions and donations		1,414	*		1,414
Other		25,319	<u> </u>		25,319
Total revenues		746,795	2,257,746	77,003	3,081,544
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instructional programs		213,441	2,067,427	77,003	2,357,871
Athletics, arts and clubs		7.60	3.00	*	
Support services		79,490	190,319	9	269,809
Community services		-	(2)	5	
Capital outlay		Vizi		*	-
Debt service:					
Principal		145,802	22	~	145,802
Interest and other charges		237,109	26	=	237,109
Total expenditures		675,842	2,257,746	77,003	3,010,591
Excess (deficiency) of					
revenues over expenditures	8	70,953			70,953
OTHER FINANCING COURSES (USES)					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers to other funds		[+]	-	=	-
Proceeds from debt	_	( <del>  </del>	(#)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	70.053	(4)		70.053
Net change in fund balance		70,953	/#:	9	70,953
Fund balances-beginning		890,832	540		890,832
Fund balances-ending	\$	961,785	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 961,785

# Washington Montessori Public Charter School Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds to the Statements of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds Change in fund balance due to change in reserve for inventory	\$ 70,953 =
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period	(182,194)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the statement of activities	ä
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Amount of donated assets	я
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	145,802
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Pension expense Compensated absences Rounding adjustment	 2,167 (1)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 36,727

#### Washington Montessori Public Charter School Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2017

		Enterprise Funds						
			No	n-Major				
	M	ajor Fund		Fund				
	В	efore and						
	Af	ter School	Da	y School				
		Fund		Fund		Total		
ASSETS								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	62,507	\$	27,533	\$	90,040		
Due from other governments		-		*				
Accounts receivable - trade		(#2		:#		-		
Inventories		941				-		
Total current assets	-	62,507		27,533		90,040		
Noncurrent assets:								
Capital assets:								
Kitchen equipment, net		94		9		9		
Transportation equipment, net		49,130		-		49,130		
Total noncurrent assets		49,130				49,130		
Total assets	\$	111,637	\$	27,533	\$	139,170		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	Sas		聖		<u> </u>		
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable - trade	\$	:*:	\$	-	\$	=		
Deferred revenue	*	5#5	*					
Total current liabilities		26						
Long-term liabilities:								
Net pension liability		196		Η.				
Total long-term liabilities		140		*		~		
Total liabilities		(4)		×				
	ş <del> </del>							
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1	-		U				
NET ASSETS						40.155		
Net investment in capital assets		49,130				49,130		
Unrestricted	1	62,507		27,533		90,040		
Total net position	\$	111,637	\$	27,533	\$	139,170		

## Washington Montessori Public Charter School Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2017

		Enterprise Funds					
	Bef Afte	or Fund ore and r School Fund	Non-Major Fund  Day School Fund	Total			
OPERATING REVENUES		runu	Day School Fulld	I I Utai			
Day school care	\$	2	\$ 60,451	\$ 60,451			
After school care	Ţ	79,896	2 00,451	79,896			
Total operating revenues		79,896	60,451	140,347			
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Salary and related costs		30,180	50,290	80,470			
Supplies and materials		34,347	ě	34,347			
Field trips		40,771	ė	40,771			
Other purchases		4,677	7	4,684			
Depreciation expense		3,983	le:	3,983			
Total operating expenses		113,958	50,297	164,255			
Operating income (loss)	V	(34,062)	10,154	(23,908)			
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Federal reimbursements	1		<u>~</u>	28.			
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)							
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		(34,062)	10,154	(23,908)			
Capital contributions		<del></del>	12	120			
Transfers (to) from other funds Change in net position	0)	(34,062)	10,154	(23,908)			
Total net position - beginning		145,699	17,379	163,078			
Total net position - ending	\$	111,637	\$ 27,533	\$ 139,170			

# Washington Montessori Public Charter School Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Enterprise Funds					
			Non-Major			
	_	ajor Fund	Fund			
			В	efore and		
			Af	ter School		
	Foo	od Service		Fund		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•					
Cash received from customers	\$	79,896	\$	60,451	\$	140,347
Cash paid to employees for services		(30,180)		(50,290)		(80,470)
Cash paid for goods and services		(79,795)		(7)		(79,802)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(30,079)		10,154		(19,925)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Federal reimbursements				ij <del>e</del> j		5
Transfer (to) from other funds		32,692		(51,863)		(19,171)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		32,692		(51,863)		(19,171)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Capital contributions				(e)		*
Acquisition of capital assets		(53,114)		-		(53,114)
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing	,	(53,114)		(4)		(53,114)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	-	(50,501)		(41,709)	_	(92,210)
Balances-beginning of the year		113,008		69,242		182,250
Balances-end of the year	\$	62,507	\$	27,533	\$	90,040
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash						
provided by operating activities	\$	(34,062)	ċ	10,154	¢	(23,908)
Operating income	ş	(34,002)	Ą	10,134	ب	(23,300)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net						
cash provided by operating activities:		3,983				3,983
Depreciation expense		3,363		V-2		3,565
Changes in assets and liabilities:						_
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		S#2		9.5		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and		-50				_
accrued liabilities		).#3 		150		<del>11</del>
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources	-	3,983		V-2*		3,983
Total adjustments	\$	(30,079)	ć	10,154	\$	(19,925)
Net cash provided by operating activities	>	(30,079)	P	10,154	ڔ	(13,323)

#### Washington Montessori, Inc., North Carolina Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Washington Montessori, Inc., North Carolina (the School) conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governments. Charter schools are established by non-profit entities. Because of the authority of the State Board of Education (SBE) to unilaterally abolish a school with all the assets reverting to a local education agency, the charter schools in North Carolina follow the governmental reporting model, as used by local education agencies. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

#### A. Reporting Entity

The Washington Montessori, Inc. is a public school operated by a local non-profit corporation, serving approximately 382 students. The School operates under an approved charter received from the SBE, and applied for under the provisions of General Statute (G.S.) 115C-238.29B. G.S. 115C-238.29F(f)(1) states that a charter school shall be subject to the audit requirements adopted by the SBE, which includes the audit requirements established by G.S. 115C-447 of the School Budget and Fiscal Control Act (SBFCA). G.S. 115C-447 also requires financial statements to be prepared in accordance with GAAP.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the School. Governmental activities generally are financed through inter-governmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the School and for each function of the School's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the School's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

#### B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

The School reports the following major governmental funds:

*General Fund.* The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

State Public School Fund. The State Public School Fund includes appropriations from the Department of Public Instruction for specific operating needs of the public school system and is reported as a special revenue fund.

The School reports the following non-major governmental fund:

Federal Fund. The Federal Fund is used to account for the Federal moneys that are passed through the State Department of Public Instruction to the School.

The School reports the following major enterprise fund:

After School Care Fund. The After School Care Fund is used to account for the after school activities conducted by the School.

The School reports the following non-major enterprise fund:

Day School Fund. The Day School Fund is used to account for the day school activities conducted by the School.

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statement. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the School gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include grants and donations. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. These could include federal, State, and county grants, and some charges for services. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the School funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the School's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then general revenues.

#### D. Budgetary Data

Annual budgets are adopted for all funds on a government-wide basis. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The governing board has voluntarily established the policy, as a sound business practice, that expenditures may not exceed appropriations, for all of the School's funds, based on the adopted budget and subsequent amendments. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the effects of which were not material. The budget presented in the supplemental data represents the budget of the School at June 30, 2017. All appropriations lapse at year end.

#### E. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Equity

#### Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the School are made in a local bank; whose accounts are FDIC insured. Also, the School has established time deposit accounts such as money market accounts.

#### 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The School pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. Cash restricted to payments of principal and interest on USDA loans is reported separately in the financial statements.

#### 4. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

#### 3. Capital Assets

The School's donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other capital assets are recorded at original cost. The total of these estimates is not considered large enough that any errors would be material when capital assets are considered as a whole.

It is the policy of the School to capitalize all capital assets costing more than \$5,000 with an estimated useful life of two or more years. In addition, other items which are purchased and used in large quantities such as student desks and office furniture are capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. All depreciable assets are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Building	39
Furniture and office equipment	10
Food service equipment	10
Electronic Equipment	3-5

#### 4. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The School has no items that meets the criterion for this category for the current fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The School has one item that meet the criterion for this category - unearned revenue. The School has no items that meet the criterion for this category.

#### 5. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statements of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

#### 6. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual leave balances. Employees may accumulate up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. The School accounts for its leave on a first-in, first-out basis, such that the oldest available leave is used first. The current portion of the liability is recorded as such in the government-wide financial statements.

#### 7. Net Position/Fund Balances

#### **Net Position**

Net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

#### Fund Balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Non-spendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories- portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Prepaid Items- portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of prepaid rent on the school facility which is not a spendable resource.

Restricted Fund Balance —This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Committed Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purpose imposed by majority vote of the School's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of the specific purpose requires majority action by the governing bodies that approved the original action.

Assigned Fund Balance – Portion of fund balance the Washington Montessori, Inc. intends to use for specific purposes.

Assigned for Clubs and Activities Fund – revenue sources restricted for expenditures for the various clubs and organizations, athletic events, and various fundraising activities for which they are collected.

Unassigned Fund Balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been assigned to another fund or restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

Washington Montessori, Inc. has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-board of education funds, board of education funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the School.

8. The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of \$1,062,352 consists of several elements as follows:

DESCRIPTION	<b>AMOUNT</b>
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on government-wide statement in governmental	I
activities column).	\$ 7,116,548
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,343,008)
Pension related deferred outflows of resources Differences between contributions and proportional share of contributions and changes in proportion Contributions made to the pension plan in current fiscal year	9- 18
Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not reported in the fund statements:	1
Long-term notes payable	(4,679,824)
Capital leases payable	3
Bonds payable	(24.264)
Compensated absences	(31,364)
Net pension liability  Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	
Differences between expected and actual experience	
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	
Total adjustment	\$ 1,062,352

#### F. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

#### 1. Funding

The Washington Montessori, Inc. is funded by the State Board of Education, receiving (i) an amount equal to the average per pupil allocation for the average daily membership (ADM) from the local school administrative unit allotments in which the school is located (i.e. Wilson County Board of Education) for each child attending the School except for the allocation for children with special needs and (ii) an additional amount for each child attending the School who is a child with special needs [G.S. 115C-238.29H(a)]. Additionally, the appropriate local school administrative unit(s) transfers to the School, for each student who resides in the local administrative unit and attends the charter school, an amount equal to the per pupil local current expense appropriation to the respective unit for the fiscal year. [G.S. 115C.238.29H(b)]. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the Washington Montessori School, Inc. received funding from the Boards of Education for Beaufort County, Craven County, Edenton-Chowan County, Martin County, Pitt County, and Washington County.

Furthermore, Washington Montessori, Inc. has received donations of cash and/or equipment from individuals and private organizations. The cash has been used for general fund activities.

#### 2. Reconciliation between government-wide and fund statements

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance is followed by a reconciliation between the change in fund balance – governmental activities and the change in net position – governmental funds as reported on the government-wide statement of activities. The net difference of \$(34,226) between the two amounts consists of the following elements:

<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	AMOUNT
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets on the statement of activities.	\$ =
Depreciation expense that is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund statements.	(182,194)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	-
New debt issued during the year is recorded as a source of funds on the fund statements but has no effect on the statement of activities, only the statement of net assets.	-
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds on the fund statements but again affect only the statement of net assets in the government-wide statements.	145,802
Rounding adjustment Compensated absences	(1) 
Total	\$ (34,226)

#### G. Use of Estimates and Assumptions

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenditures.

- II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability
- A. Material Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

None.

**Contractual Violations** 

None.

B. Deficit Fund Balance or Net position of Individual Funds

None.

- III. Detail Notes on All Funds
- A. Assets
- Deposits

At June 30, 2017, the School had deposits with banks and savings and loans with a carrying amount of \$844,833. The bank balances with the financial institutions totaled \$1,106,268, of which \$467,441 is insured by the FDIC at June 30, 2017. The remaining \$638,827 is a credit risk. The School does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The School is also reporting \$214,113 of restricted cash. This amount is restricted for future USDA loan payments.

#### 2. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

	Beginning		Inc	Increases Decre		Ending
Governmental activities						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	203,238	\$	(60)	\$ -	\$ 203,238
Construction in progress		- 2		340		<u> </u>
Total capital assets not being depreciated		203,238		(4)		203,238
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Land improvements		85,750		=20	=	85,750
Building and improvements		6,638,002		-	-	6,638,002
Furniture and fixtures		94,650			3	94,650
Playground equipment		5,756		(20)	3	5,756
Electronic equipment		89,152		190		89,152
Total capital assets being depreciated		6,913,310		\$ <del>7</del> .0		6,913,310
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Land improvements		72,888		8,575	1	81,463
Building and improvements		916,807	1	L65,950		1,082,757
Furniture and fixtures		90,507		572	8	91,079
Playground equipment		2,422		576		2,998
Electronic equipment		78,190		6,521		84,711
Total accumulated depreciation		1,160,814	\$ 1	182,194	\$ -	1,343,008
Total capital assets being depreciated, n		5,752,496				5,570,302
Governmental activity capital assets, net		5,955,734	-			\$ 5,773,540

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

	\$	182,194
Supporting services	-	26,179
Instructional programs	\$	156,015

	Beginning		In	creases	Decreases		Ending
Business-type activities:							
Before & After School Fund:							
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Transportation equipment	\$	*:	\$	53,114	\$		\$ 53,114
Total capital assets being depreciated		-		53,114		10	53,114
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Transportation equipment	h	+		3,984		14.	3,984
Total accumulated depreciation		2	\$	3,984	\$	141	3,984
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		-					49,130
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$					3	\$ 49,130

#### B. Liabilities

#### 1. Retirement Plan

Washington Montessori, Inc. maintains a 403(b) pension plan that provides for School contributions as well as elective deferrals. During 2017, the School contributed a total of \$24,325 to the plan and employees contributed \$56,250. The School also sponsors a SEP-IRS to which only employees may make contributions.

#### 2. Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School maintains general liability and errors and omissions insurance coverage of \$1 million per occurrence with a commercial carrier.

The School has obtained a Major Medical insurance policy for its personnel through a commercial insurer. Through the plan, permanent, full-time employees of the School are eligible to receive health care benefits.

The School carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past two fiscal years.

#### 3. Claims and Judgements

At June 30, 2017, the School was not a defendant in any lawsuits.

#### 4. Long-Term Obligations

#### a.) Note Payable

Note Payable to the U.S. Department of Agriculture, bearing interest at 4.25%, payable in annual installments of \$89,400, including interest on March 28<sup>th</sup>, secured by deed of trust. At June 30, 2017, the balance of the note was \$1,149.558.

Note Payable to the U.S. Department of Agriculture, bearing interest at 4.75%, payable in monthly installments of \$3,397, including interest, secured by deed of trust. At June 30, 2017, the balance of the note was \$185,150.

Note Payable to the U.S. Department of Agriculture, bearing interest at 4.00%, payable in annual installments of \$82,047 on February 17<sup>th</sup>, including interest, secured by deed of trust. At June 30, 2017, the balance of the note was \$1,216,788.

Note Payable to Select Bank, bearing interest at 4.75%, payable in interest only payments, secured by deed of trust. At June 30, 2017, the balance was \$2,194,774. The note was refinanced from a construction loan to a fixed mortgage, bearing interest rate of 4.75% with monthly payments of \$2,128,328.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term debt obligations are as follows:

Future maturities are as follows:	Total	Principal	Interest
Debt service fiscal 2017	\$ 382,911	\$ 171,976	\$ 210,933
Debt service fiscal 2018	382,911	179,800	203,111
Debt service fiscal 2019-2023	3,089,680	2,678,809	410,871
Debt service fiscal 2024-2028	857,235	524,452	332,783
Debt service fiscal 2029-2033	857,235	643,651	213,584
Debt service fiscal 2034-2038	588,874	509,865	79,009
Debt service fiscal 2039-2040	122,117	117,073	5,044
	\$ 6,280,963	\$ 4,825,626	\$ 1,455,335

The School is in compliance with each USDA loan convents in that the property is used for school facilities; no illegal activities or activities that may impair the property are conducted on school grounds; the property is open for inspection by the USDA and other governmental agencies; the property is insured at replacement cost; all taxes, liens, judgements, assessments and encumbrances on the property have been paid in a timely manner; all payments of principal and interest have been made in a timely manner; the School is in compliance with the Civil Rights Act; and the property and any improvements are maintained in good condition.

#### b). Changes in General Long-Term Obligations

		Balance						Balance	(	Current																																						
	July 1, 2016		Incre	eases	Decreases		Decreases		Decreases		Decreases		Decreases		Decreases		Decreases		Decreases		Decreases		Decreases		Decreases		Decreases		Decreases		Decreases		Decreases		Decreases		Decreases		Decreases		Decreases		ases Decreases		June 30, 2017			Portion
Governmental activities:																																																
Notes payable	\$	4,825,626	\$	(3.)	\$	145,802	\$	4,679,824	\$	177,734																																						
Compensated absences		33,531		541		2,167		31,364		31,364																																						
Total	\$	4,859,157	\$	-	\$	147,969	\$	4,711,188	\$	209,098																																						

#### C. Fund Balance

Washington Montessori, Inc. has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: federal funds, State funds, local non-School funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the School.

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation.

Total fund balance	\$961,785
Less:	
Inventories	26
Restricted for debt service	214,113
Appropriated Fund Balance in 2016 budget	12
Remaining Fund Balance	\$747,672

#### D. Related Party Transactions

The School employs as part of its educational staff an employee and the employee's spouse. These individuals are compensated at market rates.

#### IV. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

#### Federal and State Assisted Programs

The School has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

#### V. Subsequent Events - Date of Management's Review

The School has evaluated subsequent events from the date of the balance sheet through the date the report is available to be issued which is the date of the independent auditors' report. The School has not evaluated subsequent events after that date.

#### **NON-MAJOR FUNDS**

Federal Grants Fund -

This fund is used to account for the federal grant activity of the school.

Day School Fund -

This fund is used to account for the day school that the students

attend at the school.

#### Washington Montessori Public Charter School Non-major Governmental Fund Balance Sheet June 30, 2017

Assets	Special Revenue Funds
Cash and cash equivalents  Due from other governments  Total assets	\$ -
Liabilities and Fund Balances  Liabilities  Accrued salaries and wages payable  Deferred revenue  Total liabilities	\$ =
Fund balances-unreserved Total liabilities and fund equity	\$ -

#### Washington Montessori Public Charter School Non-major Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Special Revenue Funds
	Totals 2017
Revenues:	
U.S. Government	
Idea VI-B Handicapped	\$ 47,367
Improving Teacher Quality	2,694
Children with Special Needs	26,042
Idea VI-B Targeted Assistance	900
Total	77,003
Donations	
Other	
Total	<u> </u>
Total Revenues	77,003
	-
Expenditures:	
Current	
Instructional programs:	
Regular programs	2,694
Special programs	74,309
Alternative programs	25
School-based support services	¥
Total	77,003
1000	,
Support services:	
Special population	
Total	-
	:
Non-programmed charges:	
Other	, ×.
Total	-
	)————
Total expenditures	77,003
1.000 Composition 20	V <del> </del>
Revenues over expenditures	× <u><u> </u></u>
Fund balances:	
Beginning of year, July 1	-
End of year, June 30	\$ -
Elia of year, Julie 30	<u> </u>

#### Washington Montessori Public Charter School Statement of Net Position Non-major Proprietary Fund June 30, 2017

		Enterprise Fund Non-major Fund Day School		
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	27,533		
Due from other governments		37		
Receivables (net)		343		
Inventories	·			
Total current assets		27,533		
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets:				
Furniture and office equipment, net				
Computer equipment, net				
Total noncurrent assets		328		
Total assets	\$\$	27,533		
LIABILITIES  Current liabilities:  Accounts payable - trade  Due to other funds  Total current liabilities	\$	2 2 2		
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year		920		
Due in more than one year		<u> </u>		
Total long-term liabilities	-			
Total liabilities		\$24		
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets  Unrestricted		27,533		
Total net position	\$	27,533		

# Washington Montessori Public Charter School Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2017

	Enterprise Fund
	Non-major Fund
	Before & After School
OPERATING REVENUES	
Day school care	\$ 60,451
Total operating revenues	60,451
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries & related costs	50,290
Supplies & equipment	7
Contracted services	2
Food purchases	2
Total operating expenses	50,297
Operating income (loss)	10,154
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Federal reimbursements	<u></u>
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	
Income (loss) before contributions	
and transfers	10,154
Capital contributions	· ·
Transfers (to) from other funds	2. E.
Change in net position	10,154
Total net position - beginning	17,379
Total net position - ending	\$ 27,533

#### Washington Montessori Public Charter School All Fund Types

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Government-wide Budget Year Ended June 30, 2017

		2017					
		Final Budget		Actual		Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance	
Revenues:							
State of North Carolina	\$	2,223,309	\$	2,257,746	\$	34,437	
Boards of Education		655,763		701,279		45,516	
Fines and forfeitures		12,627		18,783		6,156	
U.S.Government		77,647		77,003		(644)	
Day school		49,000		60,451		11,451	
Before and after school		51,500		79,896		28,396	
Contributions and donations		163		1,414		1,414	
Others		48,452		25,319		(23,133)	
Total revenues	55	3,118,298		3,221,891		103,593	
Expenditures							
Salaries & bonuses		1,611,559		1,611,559			
Benefits		443,670		443,670		*	
Books & supplies		90,157		90,157		•	
Technology		44,500		44,500		=	
Non capitalized equipment		41,137		41,137		Ŧ)	
Contracted student services		102,675		102,675		-	
Staff development		42,000		42,000		2	
Administrative services		74,667		74,667		23	
Insurances		(#)		S≆		-	
Rents & debt service		356,547		382,911		(26,364)	
Facilities		162,744		165,000		(2,256)	
Utilities		83,270		83,270			
Nutrition & food		5,250		5,250		18	
Transportation & travel		2,500		2,500		100	
Capital purchases							
Summer and other programs		35,340		85,550		(50,210)	
Total expenditures	12 <del></del>	3,096,016		3,174,846		(78,830)	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Federal reimbursments		094		363		160	
Proceeds from notes payable		294					
Total other financing sources				(-)			
Excess of revenues over							
expenditures	\$	22,282	\$	47,045	\$	24,763	

#### **COMPLIANCE SECTION**

#### WASHINGTON MONTESSORI PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL

### WILSON, NORTH CAROLINA

JUNE 30, 2017

### Rebekah Barr, CPA PC

Certified Public Accountant

5422 Boswellville Road Wilson, North Carolina 27893 Office: 252-230-6294 • Fax: 252-237-2426

Email: contact@rbarrcpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Washington Montessori Public Charter School Washington, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Washington Montessori Public Charter School as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises Washington Montessori Public Charter School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 21, 2017.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Washington Montessori Public Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Washington Montessori Public Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Washington Montessori Public Charter School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Washington Montessori Public Charter School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rebekah Barr, CPA PC

Certified Public Accountant Wilson, North Carolina

Ban, CPA PC

September 21, 2017

### Rebekah Barr, CPA PC

Certified Public Accountant

5422 Boswellville Road Wilson, North Carolina 27893 Office: 252-230-6294 • Fax: 252-237-2426

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB UNIFORM GUIDANCE; AND THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT IMPLEMENTATION ACT

Board of Directors Washington Montessori Public Charter School Washington, North Carolina

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited Washington Montessori Public Charter School's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on its major State program for the year ended June 30, 2017. Washington Montessori Public Charter School's major State program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major State program.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Washington Montessori Public Charter School's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in and applicable sections of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), as described in the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Washington Montessori Public Charter School's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Washington Montessori Public Charter School's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Washington Montessori Public Charter School complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the Washington Montessori Public Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Washington Montessori Public Charter School's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rebekah Barr, CPA PC

Certified Public Accountant

Wilson, North Carolina

September 21, 2017

## WASHINGTON MONTESSORI PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### SECTION I. -- SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

#### Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued on whether the financial state accordance to GAAP: Unmodified	temetns audited	were parepared in		
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	Xno		
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	yes	X none reported		
Noncompliance material to financial	Nos	Y no		
statements noted	yes	Xno		
State Awards				
Internal control over major state programs:				
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	Xno		
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be				
material weaknesses?	yes	X none reported		
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major state programs: Unmodified				
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act	yes	X no		
Identification of major state programs:				
Program Name				
State Public School Funds (PRC036 - Charter School F	- -unds)			

## WASHINGTON MONTESSORI PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SECTION II. -- FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported

SECTION III. -- STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

### WASHINGTON MONTESSORI PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SECTION II. -- FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported

SECTION III. -- STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

## WASHINGTON MONTESSORI PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR'S AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

There were no prior year audit findings.

## WASHINGTON MONTESSORI PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		STATE/		
	FEDERAL	PASS-THROUGH		
GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR	CFDA	GRANTOR'S		
PROGRAM TITLE	NUMBER	NUMBER	EXPE	NDITURES
FEDERAL GRANTS:				
CASH ASSISTANCE				
US Department of Education				
Passed Through the North Carolina				
Department of Public Instruction:				
Improving Teacher Quality	84.367A	PRC 103	\$	2,694
Special Education Cluster:				
Idea VI-B Handicapped	84.027-CL	PRC 060		47,367
Children with Special Needs Risk	84.027-CL	PRC 114		26,042
Idea VI-B Targeted Assistance	84.027-CL	PRC 118		900
Total Special Education Cluster				74,309
TOTAL FEDERAL CASH ASSISTANCE			-	77,003
NC STATE GRANTS:				
CASH ASSISTANCE				
CASIT ASSISTANCE				
NC Department of Public Instruction				
State Public School Funds		PRC 036		2,240,037
Summer Reading Program		PRC 016		17,673
TOTAL NC STATE CASH ASSISTANCE			-	2,257,710
TOTAL FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS			\$	2,334,713

#### Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards:

#### Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and State grant activity of the Washington Montessori Public Charter School under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Washington Montessori Public Charter School, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Washington Montessori Public Charter School.

#### Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Washington Montessori Public Charter School has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance.